## **CLAIMS**

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- 1 1. A method for transmitting into a medium into which a plurality of transmitters may transmit,
- 2 the method comprising:
- a step for receiving a plurality of signals;
- a step for determining a distribution model of a distribution of transmitters of the plurality:
- 5 in accordance with received signals of the plurality;
- a step for determining a formation model of a formation in which the transmitter is positioned in accordance with received signals of the plurality;
- a step for determining a total transmit power for a subsequent period of time, wherein the total transmit power is determined in accordance with the distribution model and the formation
- model; and
- a step for transmitting not more than the total transmit power during the subsequent period
- 12 of time.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the distribution model is consistent with conventional
- 2 interference limiting for aircraft traffic collision avoidance.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2 wherein:
- the method further comprises a step for revising a parameter of the distribution model in accordance with the formation model; and
- the step for determining the total transmit power comprises a step for determining the total transmit power in accordance with the revised parameter.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3 wherein the parameter comprises at least one of  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  of a
- 2 conventional distribution model for aircraft traffic collision avoidance.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1 wherein:
- 2 the transmitter and at least one other transmitter are part of a formation; and
- 3 the formation model comprises a magnitude in accordance with a distance from the
- 4 transmitter to the other transmitter.

- 1 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the formation model further comprises a magnitude in
- 2 accordance with an altitude of the transmitter.
- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the formation model further comprises a count of formation
- 2 members having active transmitters of the plurality.
  - 8. The method of claim 1 wherein:
- 2 the distribution model is consistent with conventional interference limiting for aircraft
- 3 traffic collision avoidance, each transmitter of the plurality being aboard a respective aircraft;
- 4 the formation model comprises a first count of formation member aircraft that are within a
- 5 first range, a second count of formation member aircraft that are within a second range greater than
- 6 the first range, and a third count of formation member aircraft that are within a third range greater
- 7 than the second range; and

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- 8 the distribution model, being further consistent with the formation model, comprises a
- 9 fourth count of aircraft within the first range excluding the first count, a fifth count of aircraft
- within the second range excluding the second count, and a sixth count of aircraft within the third
- 11 range including the third count.
- 1 9. The method of claim 5 further comprising a step for selecting a mode of transmitter operation
- 2 from at least one of an active interrogating mode and a passive non-interrogating mode, wherein
- 3 selection is in accordance with the distance.
  - 10. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
- 2 a step for transmitting during the period a plurality of first priority messages and a plurality
- 3 of second priority messages; and
- a step for limiting transmitting in accordance with the total transmit power and a sum of
- 5 each respective power allocated to each transmission of the first priority messages and the second
- 6 priority messages.

- 1 11. The method of claim 1 further for receiving transmissions transmitted from other transmitters
- 2 of the plurality, the method further comprising a step for determining receiver sensitivity for
- 3 receiving during the subsequent period of time.
- 1 12. The method of claim 1 further comprising transmitting into the medium in accordance with air
- 2 traffic control radar beacon system signaling.
- 1 13. The method of claim 1 further comprising transmitting into the medium in accordance with
- 2 Mode S signaling.
- 1 14. A memory comprising indicia of the method of claim 1.
- 1 15. A transponder comprising a processor, a receiver, and a transmitter in cooperation that perform
- 2 the method of claim 1.
- 1 16. A traffic collision avoidance system (TCAS) comprising a processor, a receiver, and a
- 2 transmitter in cooperation that perform the method of claim 1, wherein the processor further tracks
- 3 nearby traffic and initiates annunciations to a provided display.
- 1 17. A method for tracking proximity of vehicles of a plurality, each vehicle comprising a
- 2 transmitter for transmitting location information, the method comprising:
- a step for receiving the location information;
- a step for determining a distribution model of a distribution of transmitters of the plurality;
- a step for determining a formation model of a formation in which the transmitter is
- 6 positioned; and
- a step for determining a total transmit power for a subsequent period of time, wherein the
- 8 total transmit power is determined in accordance with the distribution model and the formation
- 9 model;
- a step for transmitting interrogations in accordance with the total transmit power;
- a step for determining a receiver sensitivity for receiving during the subsequent period of
- 12 time;

13	a step for receiving location information; and
14	a step for determining a track of a vehicle of the plurality in accordance with the received
15	location information.
1	18. A memory comprising indicia of the method of claim 17.
1	10. A troffic collision avaidance greaters (TCAS) commissing a macagagan a receiver and a
1	19. A traffic collision avoidance system (TCAS) comprising a processor, a receiver, and a
2	transmitter in cooperation that perform the method of claim 17, wherein the processor further
3	initiates annunciations to a provided display.
1	20. The method of claim 17 wherein:
2	the distribution model is consistent with conventional interference limiting for aircraft
3	traffic collision avoidance, each transmitter of the plurality being aboard a respective aircraft;
4	the formation model comprises a first count of formation member aircraft that are within a
5	first range, a second count of formation member aircraft that are within a second range greater than
6	the first range, and a third count of formation member aircraft that are within a third range greater
7	than the second range; and
8	the distribution model, being further consistent with the formation model, comprises a
9	fourth count of aircraft within the first range excluding the first count, a fifth count of aircraft
10	within the second range excluding the second count, and a sixth count of aircraft within the third
l 1	range including the third count.
1	21. A system for transmitting into a medium into which a plurality of transmitters may transmit, the
2	system comprising:
3	means for determining a distribution model of a distribution of transmitters of the plurality;
4	means for determining a formation model of a formation in which the transmitter is
5	positioned; and
6	means for determining a total transmit power for a subsequent period of time, wherein the
7	total transmit power is determined in accordance with the distribution model and the formation
8	model
9	means for transmitting into the medium in accordance with the total transmit power.

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- 1 22. The system of claim 21 wherein the distribution model is consistent with conventional
- 2 interference limiting for aircraft traffic collision avoidance.
- 1 23. The system of claim 22 wherein:
- 2 the system further comprises means for revising a parameter of the distribution model in
- 3 accordance with the formation model; and
- 4 the means for determining the total transmit power comprises means for determining the
- 5 total transmit power in accordance with the revised parameter.
- 1 24. The system of claim 23 wherein the parameter comprises at least one of  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  of a
- 2 conventional distribution model for aircraft traffic collision avoidance.
- 1 25. The system of claim 21 wherein:
- 2 the means for transmitting is aboard a host vehicle and at least one other transmitter of the
- 3 plurality are part of a formation that includes the host vehicle; and
- 4 the formation model comprises a magnitude in accordance with a distance from the host
- 5 vehicle to the other transmitter.
- 1 26. The system of claim 25 wherein the formation model further comprises a magnitude in
- 2 accordance with an altitude of the host vehicle.
- 1 27. The system of claim 26 wherein the formation model further comprises a count of formation
- 2 members having active transmitters of the plurality.
- 1 28. The system of claim 25 further comprising means for selecting a mode of transmitter operation
- 2 from at least one of an active interrogating mode and a passive non-interrogating mode, wherein
- 3 selection is in accordance with the distance.
- 1 29. The system of claim 21 further wherein:

2	the means for transmitting transmits during the period a plurality of first priority messages
3	and a plurality of second priority messages; and
4	the system further comprises means for limiting transmitting in accordance with the total
5	transmit power and a sum of each respective power allocated to each transmission of the first
6	priority messages and the second priority messages.
1	30. The system of claim 21 further comprising:
2	means for receiving transmissions transmitted from other transmitters of the plurality; and
3	means for determining receiver sensitivity for receiving during the subsequent period of
4	time.
1	31. The system of claim 21 wherein the means for transmitting into the medium transmits in
2	accordance with air traffic control radar beacon system signaling.
1	32. The system of claim 21 wherein the means for transmitting into the medium transmits in
2	accordance with Mode S signaling.
1	33. The system of claim 21 wherein:
2	the distribution model is consistent with conventional interference limiting for aircraft
3	traffic collision avoidance, each transmitter of the plurality being aboard a respective aircraft;
4	the formation model comprises a first count of formation member aircraft that are within a
5	first range, a second count of formation member aircraft that are within a second range greater than
6	the first range, and a third count of formation member aircraft that are within a third range greater
7	than the second range; and
8	the distribution model, being further consistent with the formation model, comprises a
9	fourth count of aircraft within the first range excluding the first count, a fifth count of aircraft
10	within the second range excluding the second count, and a sixth count of aircraft within the third
11	range including the third count.
1	34. A system for tracking proximity of vehicles of a plurality, each vehicle comprising a

transmitter for transmitting location information, the system comprising:

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3	means for receiving the location information;
4	means for determining a distribution model of a distribution of transmitters of the plurality;
5	means for determining a formation model of a formation in which the transmitter is
6	positioned; and
7	means for determining a total transmit power for a subsequent period of time, wherein the
8	total transmit power is determined in accordance with the distribution model and the formation
9	model;
10	means for transmitting interrogations in accordance with the total transmit power;
11	means for determining a receiver sensitivity for receiving during the subsequent period of
12	time; and
13	means for determining a track of a vehicle of the plurality in accordance with the received
14	location information.
1	35. The system of claim 34 wherein:
2	the distribution model is consistent with conventional interference limiting for aircraft
3	traffic collision avoidance, each transmitter of the plurality being aboard a respective aircraft;
4	the formation model comprises a first count of formation member aircraft that are within a
5	first range, a second count of formation member aircraft that are within a second range greater than
6	the first range, and a third count of formation member aircraft that are within a third range greater
7	than the second range; and
8	the distribution model, being further consistent with the formation model, comprises a
9	fourth count of aircraft within the first range excluding the first count, a fifth count of aircraft
10	within the second range excluding the second count, and a sixth count of aircraft within the third
11	range including the third count.

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